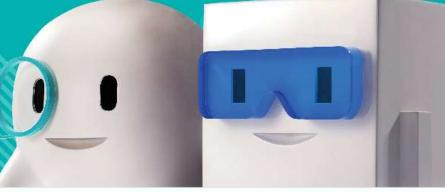
CUHK Jockey Club Initiative Gaia -Environment and Climate Change Forum Series: Carbon Audit and Reduction

Kenny Wong Principal Consultant Hong Kong Productivity Council 25 January 2013





HKPC

Hong Kong Productivity Council (HKPC)

HKPC is a multi-disciplinary organization established for promoting increased productivity in Hong Kong through research and development, consultancy, training and technology transfer service for enhancing the human resource, management and technology for a wide range of organizations

Environmental Management Division (EMD)

EMD of HKPC is specifically to provide environmental management and engineering services to both private and public sectors. One of our focus areas is to provide energy and carbon management consultancy service to various sectors in improving their environmental performance

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Business Operation and Carbon Emissions

- Every company generates carbon emissions through different types of activities, e.g. use of electricity in offices, use of gas and fuel for running your business, staff commuting, etc.
- Increasing public awareness on corporate social responsibility to strengthen the need of environmental protection



Source: http://www.carbonica.org/business/zerofootprint-business.aspx





Carbon Audit

- Carbon audit is a systematic approach to identify and quantify Green House Gases (GHGs) generated in an organization or building within a defined system boundary
- Performing carbon audit helps to formulate action plan to tackle with the GHGs emission at organizations





Benefits of Carbon Audit for Business

 According to the Carbon Trust, around ¾ of the employees would like to work for company which has concerns to the environment. Employee with higher satisfaction to the company can enhance productivity and staff loyalty

 Consumers are also showing increasing interests of purchasing environmentally friendly products and services





Benefits of Carbon Audit for Business

- Therefore, performing carbon audit can provide the business with a sustainable image, maintain and attract sales from consumers who are aware of the environment
- Green companies are also tend to have a better management, and are more efficient and profitable than their competitors





Energy and Carbon Audit for HKPC Building

- HKPC has been actively promoting energy efficiency, cleaner production, and low carbon economy over the past two decades
- We are also vigorously fulfilling our corporate social responsibility by reducing the carbon footprint of our headquarters building in Hong Kong





Measures Taken before the Audit Energy Savings - Chiller Plant Retrofit

A major retrofit of chiller plant using water cooled chiller was carried out:

- Installed new evaporative condensing system
- New chillers including new chiller plant control system
- Around 35% of the annual energy consumption for chiller plant was reduced





Measures Taken before the Audit Retrofit for Better Colour Rendering and Energy Efficiency

- Improve light reflection and utilization
- Improve colour rendering and maintain adequate lighting levels





Before





Measures Taken before the Audit

- Rescheduling of operation of air-conditioning and lighting system to shorten daily operation time
- Reducing the need for round the clock air-conditioning provisions for some laboratories



Energy Conservation and Carbon Reduction Initiatives of HKPC Building

 For further reducing the carbon footprint of HKPC Building, HKPC conducted an <u>Carbon-cum-Energy Audit</u> for HKPC Building in 2009 with series of carbon reduction measures were implemented subsequently



Carbon Footprint



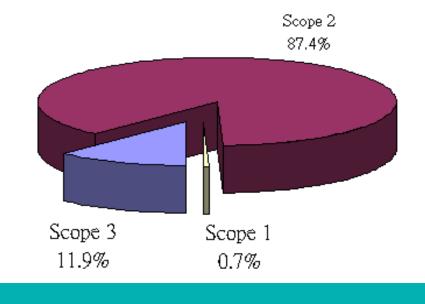
| Category | | GHG Emissions (tonnes CO _{2e} /year) | % share |
|-------------|--|---|---------|
| Scope 1 | Direct combustion of fuel by cars | 28.5 | |
| | Direct combustion of fuels by emergency generators and in laboratories/workshops | 4.5 | |
| | Chiller refrigerant leakage ^(note 1) | 0 | |
| | GHG emissions from laboratories/ workshops | 0.2 | |
| | Sub-total | 33.2 | 0.7% |
| Scope 2 | Air-conditioning system | 1,973.5 | |
| | Lighting system | 503.4 | |
| | Electricity consumption in laboratories & workshops | 463.0 | |
| | Office equipment | 331.5 | |
| | Other electricity consumption | 668.6 | |
| | Towngas consumption | 0 | |
| | Sub-total | 3,940 | 82.6% |
| Scope 3 | Generation of waste paper | 272.9 | |
| | Water consumption | 11.1 | |
| | Sewage water discharge | 4.6 | |
| | Staff overseas trip by flight | 160.7 | |
| | Staff commuting to work and local official travelling | 354.7 | |
| | Sub-total Sub-total | 804 | 16.7% |
| Grand total | | 4,777.2 | 100% |



Energy-cum-carbon Audit for HKPC Building in 2009

With the plantation of trees and recycling of waste paper, the building was able to achieve a carbon reduction of 2.1 and 267 tonnes of CO_{2e} respectively

The total GHG emission of this building (with offset) in 2008 was estimated at 4,508.1 tonnes of CO_{2e}



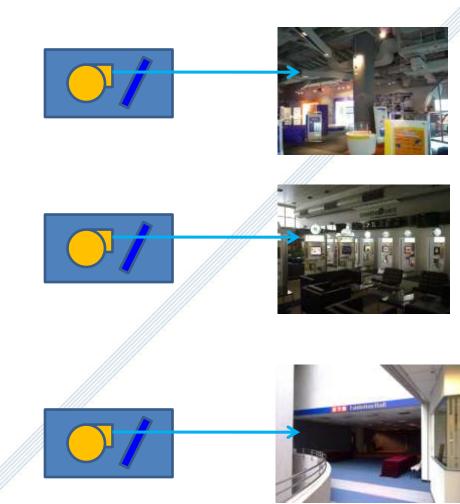
Carbon Emission Reduction Measures

- The short term measures as implemented in 2009/2010 after the audit, such as switching off all unnecessary electrical equipment, replacement of incandescent lamps, installing socket timers, etc. have helped HKPC further reducing an annual electricity cost HK\$162,000 at a total cost of HK\$25,400, i.e. payback period of only 2 months
- 3 medium term measures have been implemented from 2010 for an investment of \$226,000 and annual energy saving of HK\$81,000, i.e. payback of 3.3 years



Demand Ventilation Control

- Fresh Air Control for 3
 Fresh Air Units at
 locations that are not
 always occupying:
- Helps to reduce
 - Excessive fresh air supply and airconditioning energy
 - Fan power





Retrofit Tungsten Reflector Lamp with LED Reflector Lamp

- About 200 nos. of tungsten reflector lamp retrofitted with LED lamp
- Helps to reduce:-
 - Internal Heat Gain and Airconditioning Energy Consumption
 - Lamp electricity consumption





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Retrofit Exit Sign with T5 Lamps

- 80 nos. of exit signs
- Direct retrofit the existing T8 lamps with T5 lamps converter
- Helps to reduce:-
 - Lamp energy consumption
 - Internal heat gain

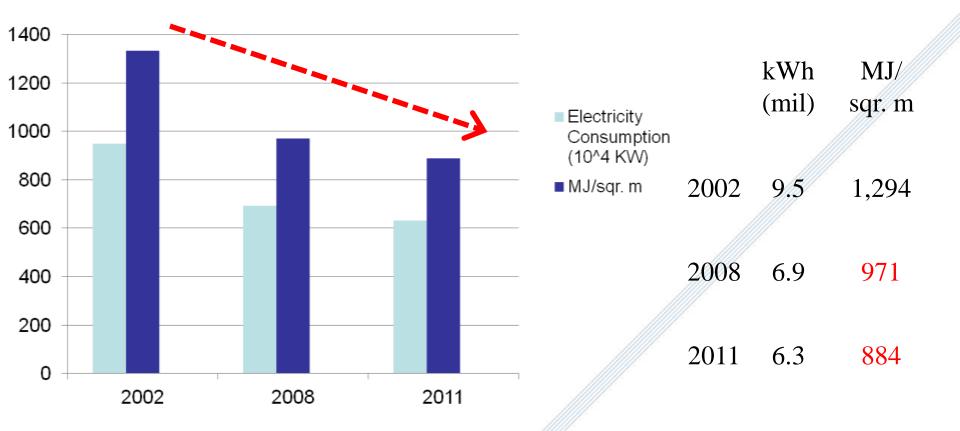








Achieved Savings of HKPC Building

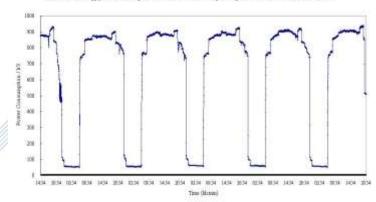


Note: the average value for the category of whole building (single tenant) for office use is 1,270.6 MJ/m²/year



Energy Audit for a Shopping Centre

- Major energy consuming systems including air-conditioning and ventilation system, lighting system, as well as power distribution systems were the main focus areas of the investigation so as to identify the corresponding energy saving potentials.
- By studying the historical energy consumption data, systems operation and site measurement, energy conservation measures were identified and categorized with its cost implication



No. C1 Standy Power Coccumulation for Control Air-Cooled Revisementing Chilley Flant Peoble on 259/07-3000



Achievement

Saving of HK\$1,200,000 per year (equivalent to an annual GHG reduction of 1000 tonnes of CO_{2e}) was achieved on executing some little or no cost implication measures

- Chiller plant sequencing improvement
- Identify and reduce unnecessary operation and energy consumption
- Improve lighting efficiency of the signage and decoration











Web-based FREE Carbon Management Tools

• CGCC-CMT

HKPC

• For office operation







http://cmt.cgcc.org.hk

Web-based FREE Carbon Management Tools

- Carbon Manager
- For household, catering, retail, and other building operations





http://carbon-manager.hkpc.org



Web-based FREE Carbon Management Tools

Objectives of these tools:

- Arouse public attentions on energy saving and carbon reduction in various sectors
- Help users to assess their energy consumption and carbon emissions status
- Help users to formulate feasible energy saving and carbon reduction plans





 The tool helped a Chinese restaurant to identify carbon footprint and actual potential for carbon emissions reduction and energy conservation





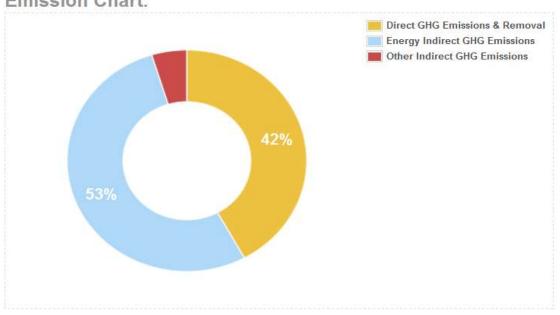
Carbon Footprinting > Catering Establishment

Carbon Footprinting Results

Detailed Analysis >>

Details:

| Scope | CO ₂ equivalent* emissions |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Scope 1: Direct GHG Emissions & Removal | 178.71 tonnes |
| Scope 2: Energy Indirect GHG Emissions | 226.31 tonnes |
| Scope 3: Other Indirect GHG Emissions | 20.17 tonnes |



Emission Chart:

Greenhouse Gases Reduction Advice

Space Conditioning Systems

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Space conditioning equipment consumed the most energy if you are the owner of the equipment. It can take up to 70% of the total electricity consumption. Here are some advices which can help to reduce energy consumed by the space conditioning system:

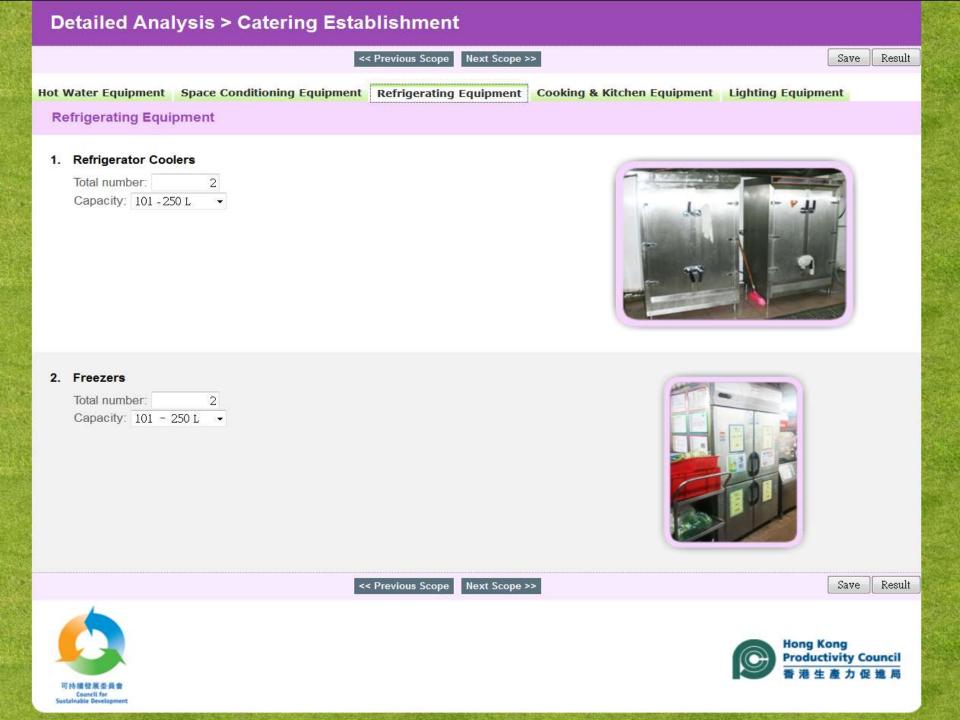
- Switch off the air conditioners when not in use.
- Set the air temperature at 25.5°C as it is noted that every 1°C rise of temperature can save around 6% of electricity on air conditioners.
- Use water cooled type central plant air conditioners rather than air cooled central plant air conditioners. This substitution can save 20% or more electricity.
- Close windows and doors to prevent the mixing of cool air indoor with hot air outdoor.
- Switch on air conditioners when necessary and reduce the number of use during cooler days.
- Try to reduce the operation hours of air conditioners. 5% electricity can be saved by reducing the operation hours by 1 hour.
- Choose air conditioners with Grade 1 Energy Efficiency Label (EEL) which can

Detailed Analysis











1. Traditional Gas Type Wok Ranges

Type of fuel:
Towngas
LPG
Total number:
I
Number of burners:
V
+ hours a day

5



2. Portable Cassette Cookers

Total number:



3. Meat Slicers

| Total number: | 1 | |
|------------------|----------------|---|
| Blade diameters: | 11 - 12 inches | Ŧ |



4. Vent Wash Exhaust Hoods

Total number:

2

5. Commercial Microwave Ovens

Total number: 2



| << Previous Scope Next Scope >> | Save Result |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | Hong Kong Productivity Council 香港生產力促進局 |
| | 香港生產力促進局 |



1.

| Туре | Length | Quantity |
|--|--------|----------|
| T8 Fluorescent Lamps (Equipped with Electronic Ballasts) | 2 Ft | 0 |
| | 4 Ft | 250 |
| | 5 Ft | 0 |

What are the daily operating hours of the lamps? 8 - hours a day

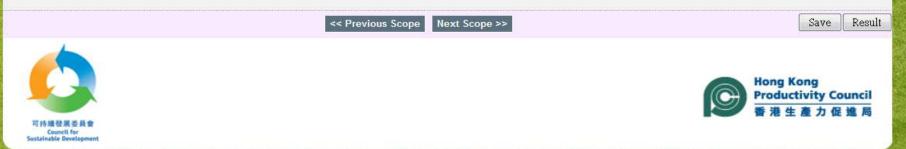


2.

| Туре | Quantity | Average Power (W) | |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------|--|
| Incandescent Lamps | 110 | 55 | |

What are the daily operating hours of the lamps? 8 - hours a day







Detailed Analysis > Catering Establishment

Detailed Analysis Results

Result 1: Energy Consumption Performance

Your energy consumption performance (as compared with others having similar type of premises):

70%

Percentile: Your energy consumption performance is at the **70th** percentile of same group. Note: 10th percentile is the best performer rank, 90th percentile is the least performing. The analysed result is derived based on the data collected through local energy consumption survey for the same premises group.

Result 2: Estimated Potentials on Energy Savings and Carbon Reductions The energy saving potentials in accordance with the given information of your selected equipment are as follows:

| | | Total Expected Electricity Savings Total Expected (Total Expected (Total Expected Saving) | | | Total Expected Carbon Reductions |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| Equipment | kWh/annum | HKD/annum | (Unit or kg)/annum | HKD/annum | (Tonnes/annum) |
| Hot Water Equipment | 2,212 | \$2,745 | 0 | \$0 | 1.86 |
| Space Conditioning Equipment | 25,757 | \$31,964 | - | - | 21.64 |
| Cooking Kitchen Equipment | | - | 6,570 | \$66,068 | 20.67 |
| Lighting Equipment | 19,389 | \$24,062 | | - | 16.29 |

Result 2.1: Suggestion Details

| Hot Water Equipment | Our Suggestions | Total Expected Electricity Savings | | Total Expected (Towngas or LPG)* Savings | |
|--|---|--|----------------|--|----------------|
| not water Equipment | Our Suggestions | kWh / annum | HKD / annum | (Unit or kg) / annum | HKD / annum |
| Electric Storage Water Heaters | - Using Grade 1 heaters | 1,938 | \$2,405 | ~ | - |
| Electric Boiling Water Units (for provision of drinking water purpose) | - Disconnect power after business hours | 274 | \$340 | 4 | - |

| Space Conditioning | | Total Expected Electricity Savings | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|----------|--|
| Equipment | Our Suggestions | kWh / Hł annum an | | |
| Packaged Type Air Conditioners | - Reset temperature set-point at 25.5 °C | 25,757 | \$31,964 | |

| Cooking & Kitchen Equipment | Our Suggestions | Total Expected (Towngas or LPG)* Savings | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------|--|
| Equipment | | (Unit or kg) HKI / annum ann | | |
| Traditional Gas Type Wok Ranges | Use swirl central flame stoves/ranges Use premix type burners | 3,285 3,285 | \$33,034 \$33,034 | |

and the second second

Result 2: Estimated Potentials on Energy Savings and Carbon Reductions The energy saving potentials in accordance with the given information of your selected equipment are as follows:

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|------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|---|------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Equipment | KWIMannum | HKD/annum | (Unit or kgVannum) | HK0/Anniem | Tonnes/annum | |
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| Electric Boiling Water Units (for provision of drinking water purpose) | Disconfect power after business bours | 274 | \$ 340 | 3 4 3 | 34 |

| | | | Total Expected Electricity Savings | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Space Conditioning Equipment | | Our Suggestions | AWIN / Brinsens | 1999 Faceborn |
| Packaged Type Air Conditioners | - | Rest temporatine set-point at 25.5 °Chib | 25,757 | \$ 31,964 |







Effect Analysis

| Measures to Implement | Total Electricity Consumed (kWh) | Electricity Cost (HK\$) | Total Towngas Consumed (Units) | Towngas Cost (HK\$) | Total Carbon Emissions (tonnes) |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Before | 220,000 | 273,020 | 70,000 | 703,920 | 425.2 |
| After | 172,642 | 214,249 | 63,430 | 637,852 | 364.7 |
| Effect (%) | -21.5% | -21.5% | -9.4% | -9.4% | -14.2% |

 Energy Consumption Performance after implementing the measures

Result 1: Energy Consumption Performance

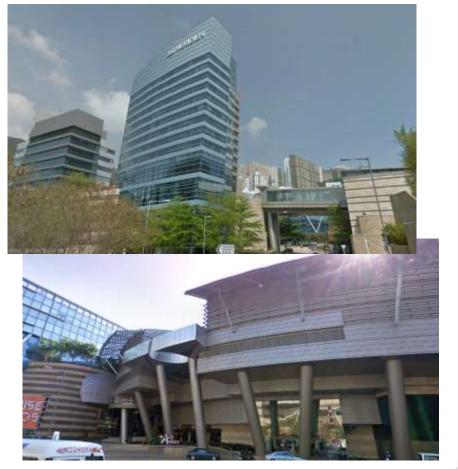
Your energy consumption performance (as compared with others having similar type of premises):

60%

Percentile: Your energy consumption performance is at the **60th** percentile of same group. Note: 10th percentile is the best performer rank, 90th percentile is the least performing. The analysed result is derived based on the data collected through local energy consumption survey for the same premises group.

Carbon Audits / Verifications for Various Buildings and Operations

Commercial Complex



HKPC

Commercial Buildings



Sewage Treatment Works and Construction Sites







University Campus





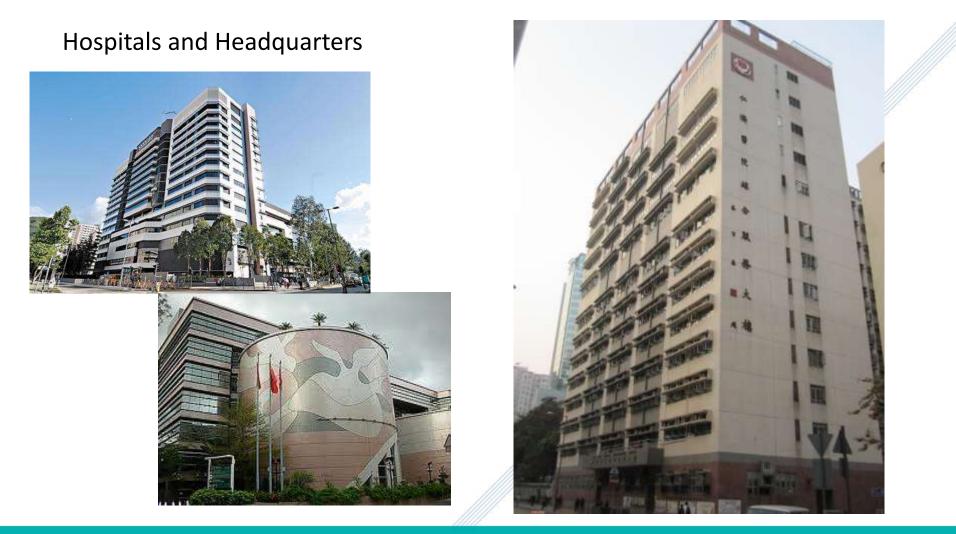
Container Terminal





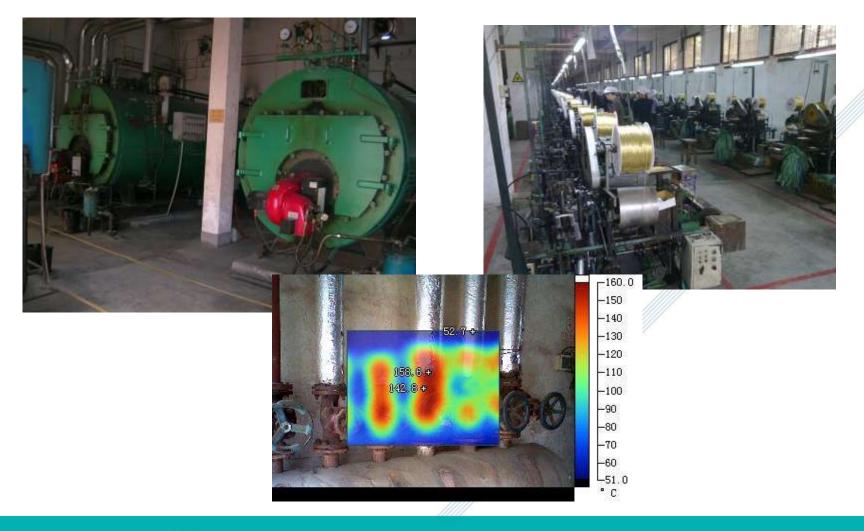


Nursing Home











CarbonSmart Programme

- An incentive scheme to encourage local enterprises to enhance energy efficiency and reduce carbon emissions
- Around 200 enterprises, from office-based operations, retail, catering and other industry sectors will receive funding support from the Environment and Conservation Fund (ECF) to conduct carbon audit
- Helps to promote low-carbon economy in Hong Kong, and promotes collaboration between businesses and the environmental sector



 $Source: http://www.hkpc.org/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=3697&catid=152<emid=326&lang=enterted: the state of the st$

Enhance Competitiveness

In addition to actual savings, business operators can look for external recognitions as a means to enhance its competitiveness

- Hong Kong Awards for Environmental Excellence
- Carbon"Less" Certificate
- EnergyWi\$e





Thank you!

